

**Position Dossier:**

**Head of NASA, United States of America**

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration is an independent agency of the U.S. federal government responsible for the civil space program, aeronautics research, and space research. This agency has access to lasers. The head of NASA appointed by the US President:

Makes general internal policies

**Director General of Roscosmos, Russia**

The State Space Corporation "Roscosmos", commonly known simply as Roscosmos, is a state corporation of the Russian Federation responsible for space flights, cosmonautics programs, and aerospace research. This agency has access to lasers. Director General: Appointed by the President of Russia, makes general internal policies and approves missions.

**President of JAXA, Japan**

The Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency is the Japanese national air and space agency. Through the merger of three previously independent organizations, JAXA was formed on the 1st of October, 2003. The president of JAXA, appointed by the Cabinet Office: Makes general internal policies.

**President of CSA, Canada**

The Canadian Space Agency is the national space agency of Canada, established in 1990 by the Canadian Space Agency Act. The president is Lisa Campbell, who took the position on September 3, 2020. The agency is responsible to the minister of innovation, science and industry. This agency has access to lasers. President: Appointed by the Governor in Cabinet, upholds general internal policies.

### **Director General of the ESA, Europe**

The European Space Agency is a 22-member intergovernmental body devoted to space exploration. With its headquarters in Paris and a staff of around 2,200 people globally as of 2018, ESA was founded in 1975. This agency has access to lasers. The Director General: Appointed by line of succession within the agency.

### **Chairman of the ISRO, India**

The Indian Space Research Organisation is the national space agency of India. It operates as the primary research and development arm of the Department of Space, which is directly overseen by the Prime Minister of India, while the Chairman of ISRO also acts as the executive of DoS. Chairman: Makes standard internal policies.

### **CEO of CNSA, China**

The China National Space Administration is a government agency of the People's Republic of China headquartered in Haidian, Beijing, responsible for civil space administration and international space cooperation. This agency has access to lasers. CEO: Makes and upholds internal policies, cooperates with the military.

### **Head Astronaut of DNSC, Denmark**

The Denmark National Space Center is the Danish post for the ESA. Its cooperation within the ESA has been of great importance. The center itself is Denmark's hold for space exploration. Head Astronaut: Goes to space on behalf of the agency.

### **President of CNES, France**

The National Centre for Space Studies is the French national space agency headquartered in central Paris and it comes under the supervision of the French Ministries of Defence and

Research. It is the largest space program in Europe. This agency has access to lasers. President: Makes and upholds internal policies, acts on behalf of the agency.

### **Head of the DLR, Germany**

The German Aerospace Center (DLR) created in 1997 is the German national space agency headquartered in Cologne and is Federal Republic of Germany's research center for aeronautics and space. This agency has access to lasers. Head: Makes and upholds internal policies, signs approvals for the agency.

### **President of ASI, Italy**

The Agenzia Spaziale Italiana or Italian Space Agency created in 1998 is headquartered in Rome is The Italian Space Agency made up of 200 members. It was made to fund, regulate and coordinate space exploration activities in Italy. President: Upholds internal policies and represents the agency to other countries.

### **Director of the NSO, Netherlands**

Nederlands Instituut voor Vliegtuigontwikkeling, or the Netherlands Space Office is the Netherlands government space agency. The NSO's mission is to advise and release The Netherlands' national space policy. Director: Upholds internal policies and acts for the agency during international conferences.

### **Director General of INTA, Spain**

INTA (National Institute of Aerospace Technology) is a Public Research Organisation that depends on the Spanish Ministry of Defence. It is responsible for performing scientific research activities and prototypes in its field of knowledge, as well as for providing technological services to companies in the industry, universities and other institutions. It's located in Madrid.

Director General: Makes and upholds internal policies, reviews any strategic opportunities for the agency.

**Chief Executive Officer of the UKSA, United Kingdom**

The United Kingdom Space Agency is an executive agency of the Government of the United Kingdom, responsible for the United Kingdom's civil space programme. This agency has access to lasers. Chief Executive Officer: Makes and upholds internal policies and keeps internal relations with other parts of the BEIS.

**Chairman of the Board of Directors of BELSPO, Belgium**

The Belgian Science Policy Office, Federal Science Policy, or BELSPO is a main group in the field of scientific research in Belgium. BELSPO coordinates research of public authorities and inserts these authorities into international research networks. Chairman of the Board of Directors: Responsible for the commitments of the Federal Public Planning Service Science policy.

**Director General of the AEM, Mexico**

La Agencia Espacial Mexicana, or the Mexican Space Agency, is an agency with the goals of executing Mexico's space policy by elaborating and applying the National Space Activities program. The AEM develops the scientific and technological capabilities of Mexico. This agency has access to lasers. Director General: Creates and upholds internal policies, acts on behalf of the agency.

**President of CONAE, Argentina**

Comisión Nacional de Actividades Espaciales, or CONAE, is the space agency of Argentina. It is responsible for monitoring Argentina's radio and television satellites, as well as

running environmental and qualifications tests. This agency has access to lasers. President: Monitors and controls internal policies, and controls the use of lasers.

**President of KARI, Korea**

The Korean Aerospace Research Institute, also known as KARI, is responsible for contributing to technological advancements and development in aerospace science and technology. They also support the development of national aerospace policies. President: Oversees and controls internal actions and policies, acts for the institute.

**Head of the ASA, Australia**

The Australian Space Agency supports the growth and development of Australia's space industry. It is also responsible for coordinating anything regarding civil matters of space, and aims to improve life for Australians. Head of the Australian Space Industry: Responsible for policies, management, performance, and direction of the agency.

**President of the NASRDA, Nigeria**

The National Space Research and Development Agency has a goal of developing and applying space science and technology. This is for the benefit of the nation, its citizens, and its economy. President: Controls and oversees the activities and actions of the agency.

**CEO of SANSA, South Africa**

The South African National Space Agency was founded to advance the use of space, science, and engineering. SANSA puts a spotlight on engineering, science, and technology that contributes to development. CEO: Responsible for designing, implementing, and evaluating projects within SANSA.

### **Command Sergeant Major of the Norwegian Army**

Command Sergeant Major is a dedicated army leader for the Country of Norway, and holds extreme seniority. They oversee and advise the actions of the Norwegian army, which contains over 12,000 personnel, and is the largest branch in the Norwegian Armed Forces.

### **Supreme Commander of the Brazilian Armed Forces**

The Supreme Commander is the highest rank in the Brazilian Army. The Supreme Commander controls the largest military in all of South America. Military service is mandatory for all men in Brazil, though women are still allowed to serve.

### **President of the ISA, Iran**

The Iranian Space Agency carries the load of all of Iran's matters in regards to space technology and science. The ISA creates, designs, and builds satellites, as well as creating space applications and making them widespread throughout the country. President: Oversees and manages the activities, actions, and responsibilities of the ISA.

### **Supreme Commander of the UAE Armed Forces**

The United Arab Emirates military is greatly equipped with helicopters, aircraft, and missiles. Service in the armed forces is mandatory for men, and this has made the total number of personnel grow to over 70,000.